

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Division of Water Quality Charles Wakild, P.E. Director

Dee Freeman Secretary

Beverly Eaves Perdue Governor

April 30, 2012

Mr. Jim Sumner Environmental Testing Solutions, Inc. P.O. Box 7565 Asheville, NC 28802-7565

Dear Mr. Sumner,

Results of the 2012 Performance Evaluation toxicity test series have been reviewed by Aquatic Toxicology Unit staff. Our Unit was also a participant in the chronic and acute *Ceriodaphnia dubia* tests, acute *Pimephales promelas* test, pH, conductivity, and hardness analyses that were performed. Following the summary of overall results, test results generated by your laboratory will be discussed.

Ceriodaphnia dubia chronic

There were nine chronic *Ceriodaphnia* tests performed using Solution A following the January 2011 revision of the "North Carolina Phase II Chronic Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Procedure." The mean IC25 was 5.25% with a standard deviation of 1.58 (Figure 1). Eight of the nine laboratories met minimum quality control criteria and reported results that were within the allowable two standard deviations from the mean IC25. One laboratory failed to meet minimum test control reproduction.

Ceriodaphnia dubia acute

There were seven acute *Ceriodaphnia* tests conducted using Solution B following the methods described in *Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms*, (Fifth Edition), EPA-821-R-02-012, October 2002. The mean LC50 value was 9.77% with a standard deviation of 1.11 (Figure 2). All seven laboratories reported results that met minimum quality control criteria and were within two standard deviations of the mean LC50 value.

Environmental Sciences Section

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Pimephales promelas acute

Eight laboratories conducted acute *Pimephales promelas* tests using Solution C following the methods described in *Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Freshwater and Marine Organisms* (Fifth Edition), EPA 821-R-02-012, October 2002. The mean LC50 value was 14.97% with a standard deviation of 0.88 (Figure 3). All eight laboratories reported results that met minimum quality control criteria and were within two standard deviations of the mean LC50 value.

pН

There were nine pH results reported for Solutions D and E. Mean pH calculated for Solution D was 3.95 with a standard deviation of 0.09 (Figure 4). Eight of the nine laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean pH. One laboratory reported a result that was outside the allowable two standard deviations from the mean pH value. For Solution E, the mean was 6.86 with a standard deviation of 0.05 (Figure 5). Eight of the nine laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean pH. One laboratory reported a result that was outside the allowable two standard deviations from the mean pH value.

Conductivity

There were nine conductivity results reported for each of Solutions F and G. The mean was 163.89 µmhos/cm for Solution F, with a standard deviation of 4.51 (Figure 6). Eight of the nine laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean conductivity. One laboratory reported a result that was outside the allowable two standard deviations from the mean conductivity value.

For Solution G the mean was $1613.78 \mu mhos/cm$ with a standard deviation of 23.49 (Figure 7). All the laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean conductivity.

Hardness

There were nine total hardness results reported for Solutions H and I. Mean total hardness for Solution H was 15.22 mg/L with a standard deviation of 1.64 (Figure 8). All the laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean hardness.

For Solution I, the mean was 43.22 mg/L with a standard deviation of 1.39 (Figure 9). All the laboratories reported results that were within two standard deviations of the mean hardness.

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Individual Lab Discussion

The results of the chronic and acute *Ceriodaphnia dubia*, acute *Pimephales promelas*, and pH, conductivity, and hardness analyses have been reviewed and are enclosed. The Environmental Testing Solutions, Inc. test results were all found to be within acceptable ranges.

Please refer to the following list to determine your respective Lab # for each enclosure.

Figure 1	Ceriodaphnia Chronic Solution A	Lab # 1
Figure 2	Ceriodaphnia Acute Solution B	Lab # 6
Figure 3	Pimephales promelas Acute Solution C	Lab # 8
Figures 4-9	pH, Conductivity, Hardness	Lab # 3

Thank you for your cooperation in this study. We appreciate your commitment to maintaining certification with the State of North Carolina. If you have any questions, please contact Lance Ferrell or me at (919) 743-8401.

Sincerely

Cindy Moore, Supervisor Aquatic Toxicology Unit

Enclosures

Cc: Lance Ferrell

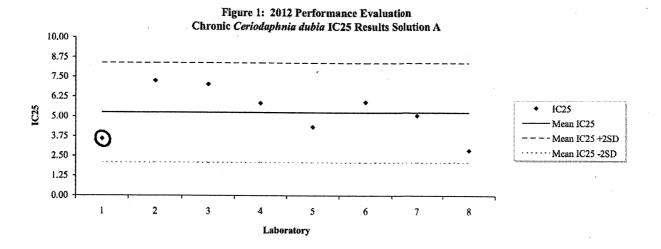
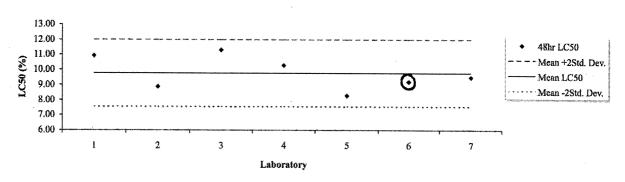


Figure 2: 2012 Performance Evaluation
Acute 48hr Ceriodaphnia dubia LC50 Results Solution B



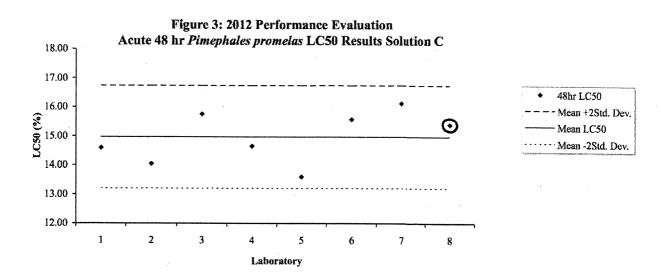
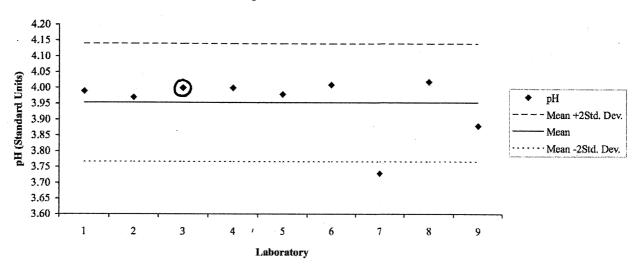


Figure 4: 2012
Performance Evaluation
pH Results Solution D



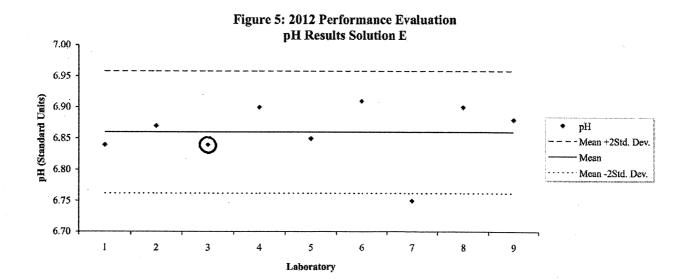


Figure 6: 2012 Performance Evaluation Conductivity Results Solution F

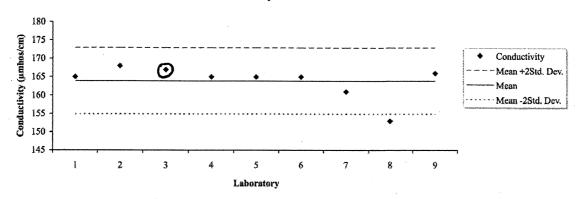


Figure 7: 2012 Performance Evaluation Conductivity Results Solution G

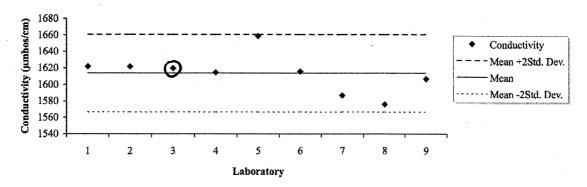


Figure 8: 2012 Performance Evaluation Hardness Results Solution H

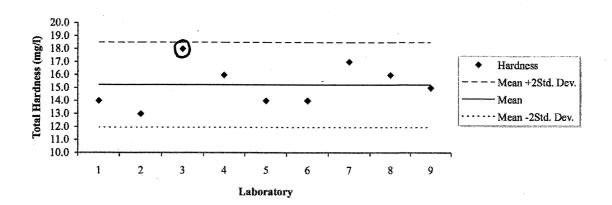


Figure 9: 2012 Performance Evaluation Hardness Results Solution I

